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EECE401 Senior Design I

Howard University

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Integration of Distributed Generation to Power Grid

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Background

- Utility consumers have generally been subject to considerable costs for electric service.
- Central generation: electrical power production by central station power plants that provide bulk power.
- Price of electricity increases due to the cost of transmission and distributed services.





Background



- Distributed generation (DG): employing small-scale technologies to produce electricity close to the end users of power.
- Requires fewer transport services of the transmission and distribution networks.
- Eliminates the cost, complexity, and inefficiencies associated with T&D.
- Consumers do not know of the best DG technology that can be used to meet their needs.

Problem Definition

“To design a Microsoft Excel model that will take customer and utility data, and use it to determine the best method for distributed generation that will provide a higher return on the investment compared to the grid, while meeting the customer’s electricity needs.”

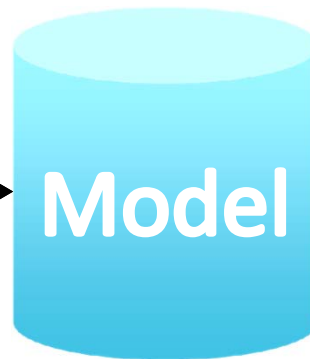


Objective

- *Provide the best Distributed Generation solution for the customer, including the system size, cost analysis and the available commercial products.*

Inputs

- 1) **Customer information** (kW, kWh)
- 2) **Utility Rate Structure** (\$/kWh, \$/kW, Peak/Off, Summer, etc.)
- 3) **Technology Info** (Equipment Cost, Fuel, Heat Available, etc.)



Outputs

- 1) **The technology**
- 2) **System Size**
- 3) **Avoided Cost (Utility)**
- 4) **Return on the Investment.**

Design Requirements

- 1) The Generator size will be optimized by the maximum profit and will meet about 80% of the annual energy load (kWh);
- 2) The Generator will cover about 60% of the Max demand peak (kW).
- 3) The Generator will be subject to constraints pertaining to the resources available to the customer.

Current Status of Art

- Homer : Simulation and Optimization for grid tied and off-grid systems.

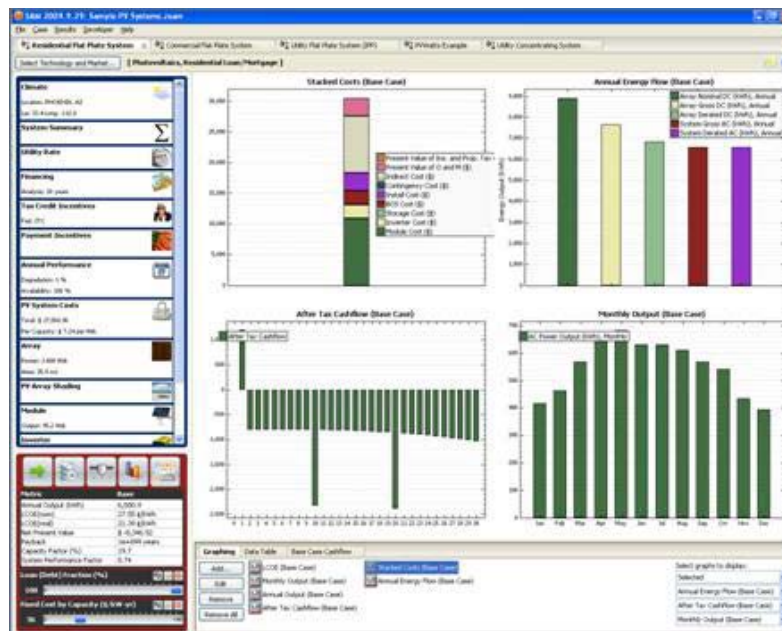


- Operate the system by a hourly dispatch model, reducing the costs.
- Perform sensitivity analysis for uncertain inputs.

Weakness: Do not account for State Incentives (rebates, depreciation, etc.) and cannot model the Net Metering policy.

Current Status of Art

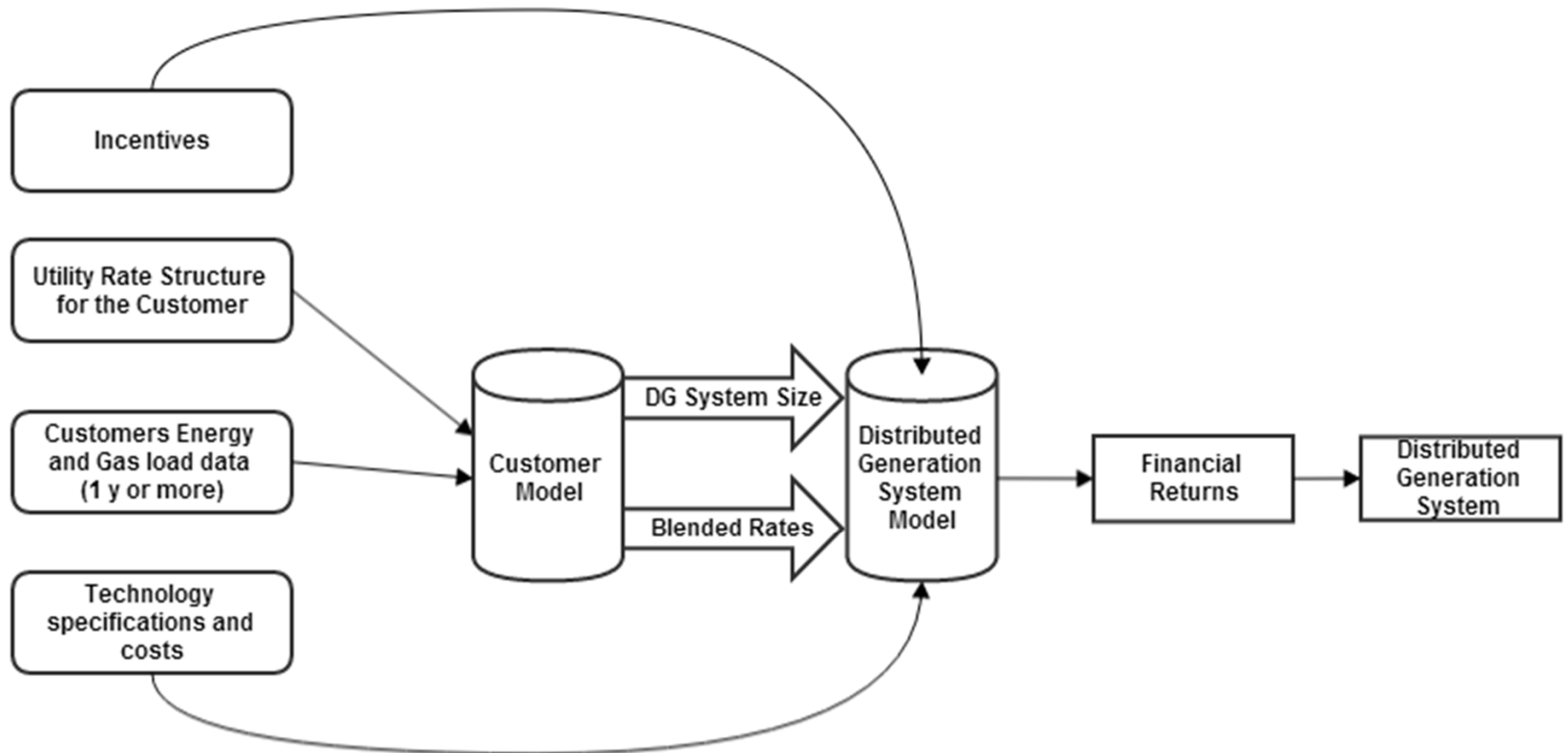
- SAM (System Advisor Model): Performance and financial model for renewable energy resources.
 - PV, Wind, Biomass, Geothermal.



Solution Approach

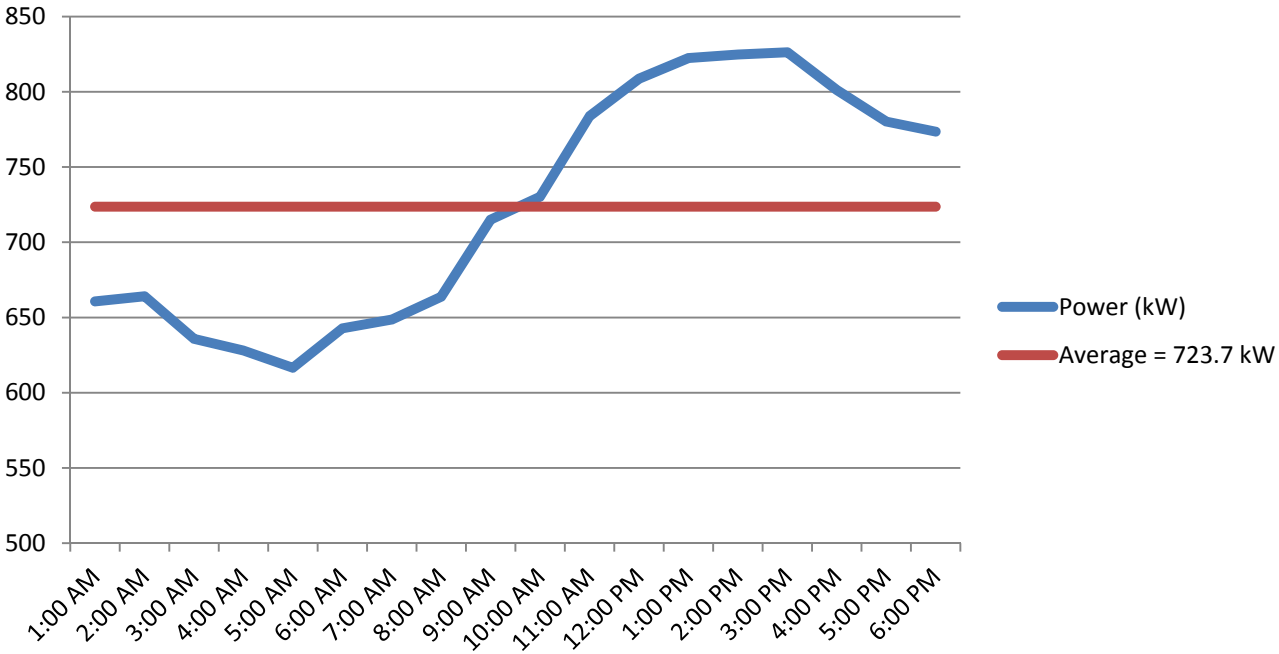
- Design a model capable of:
 - 1) Simulate the system hour-by-hour;
 - 2) Compute the avoided cost;
 - 3) Construct the cash flow with the Expenses and Revenues;
 - 4) Analyze the Net Present Value, Rate of Return, PayBack, Levelized Energy Cost, etc.

Solution Approach



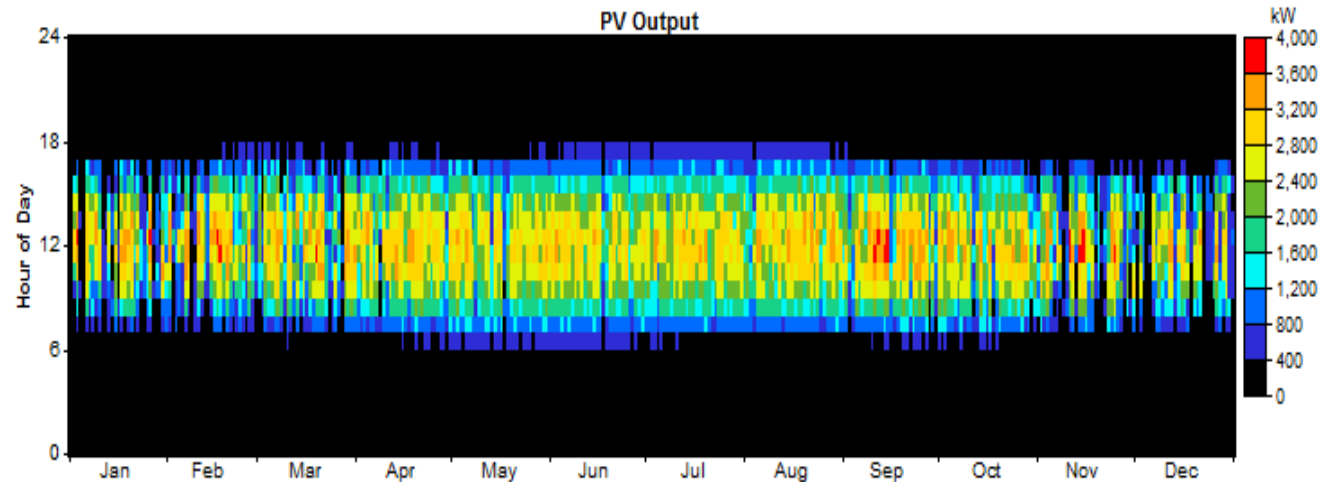
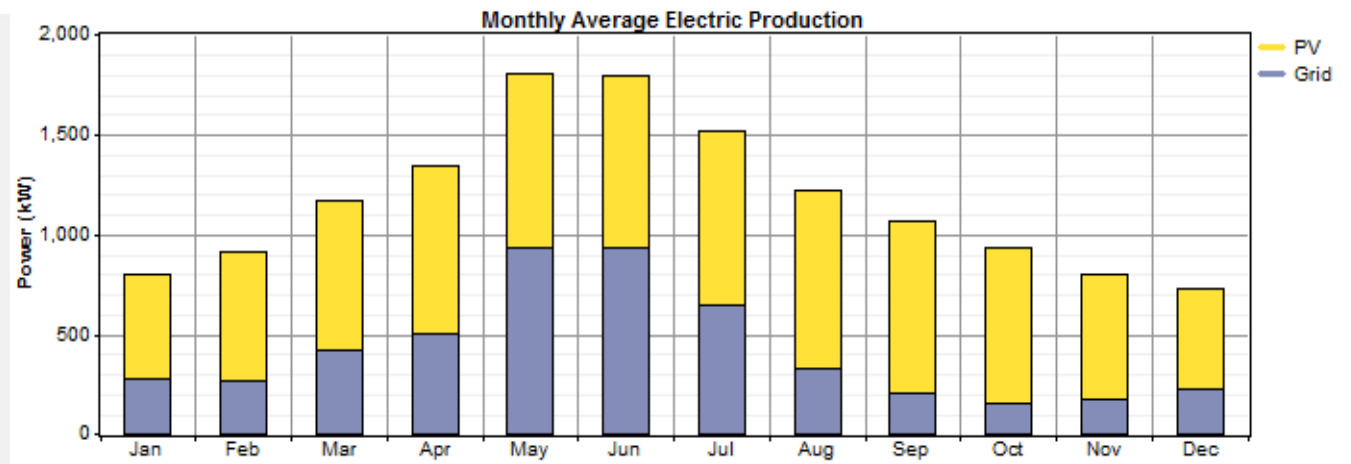
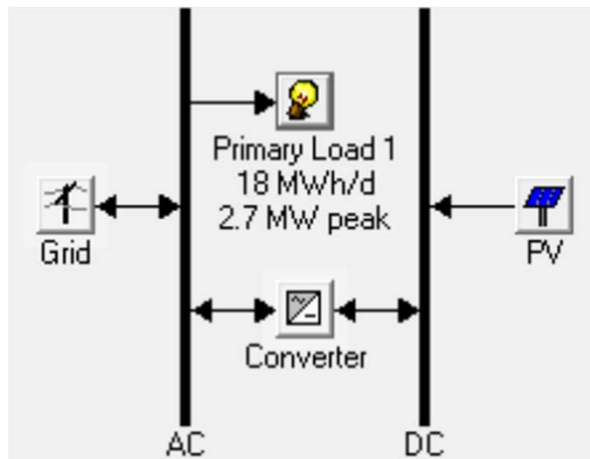
Customer: Cold Storage/Food Processing	
Project Type	Onsite DG Offset, NEM (if available), +PV Potential
Site Location	Bakersfield, CA
Utility Area	PG&E
Off-site Rate Tariff	AG5C (Primary)
Main Service Voltage	480/277V
Main Service Ampacity	12.4kVA
Available Fuel/Feedstock	Natural Gas – PG&E

Daily Profile (kW)

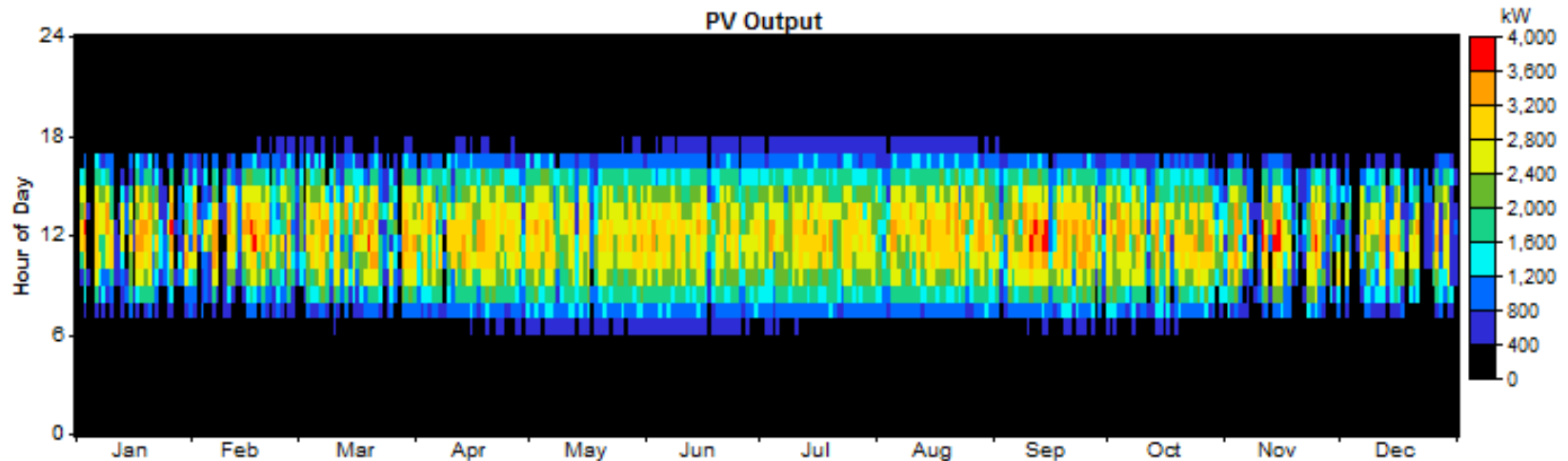
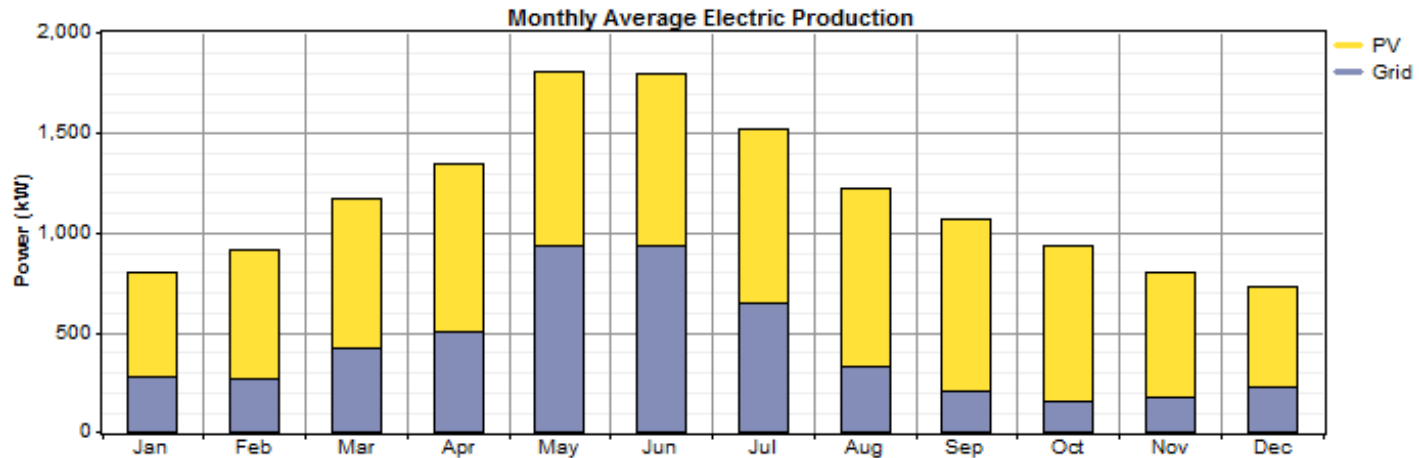


HOMER Results

	PV (kW)	Conv. (kW)	Grid (kW)	Initial Capital	Operating Cost (\$/yr)	Total NPC	COE (\$/kWh)	Ren. Frac.
☕ ☀ ☑	1000	3800	2700	\$ 1,842,105	583,882	\$ 9,306,081	0.114	0.25
☕ ☀			2700	\$ 0	757,112	\$ 9,678,436	0.118	0.00



HOMER Results



Production	kWh/yr	%
PV Array	6,589,786	64
Grid Purchases	3,704,953	36
Total	10,294,738	100

Consumption	kWh/yr	%
AC Primary Load	6,403,182	66
Grid Sales	3,232,579	34
Total	9,635,761	100

Timeline & Milestones

Milestone	Costa	Donald	Expected Completion Date	Status
Written Proposal – First Draft	✓	✓	Oct. 15, 2013	Completed
Proposal Presentation	✓	✓	Oct. 29, 2013	Completed
Gather Customer/Utility Data	✓	✓	TBD	In Progress
Collect DG Technology Info	✓	✓	TBD	In Progress
Build Customer Models	✓	✓	TBD	In Progress
Collect DG Technology Info	✓	✓	TBD	In Progress
Prepare Public Presentation	✓	✓	Nov. 12, 2013	Completed
Written Proposal – Second Draft	✓	✓	TBD	In Progress

Verification Plan & Deliverables

- 1) Gather customer data with utility
 - a. Interval Data/Month by month data also the current rate schedule for each utility, one residential, commercial and industrial customer.
- 2) Design the Customer Model for each technology.
- 3) Obtain information about each Distributed Generation Technology including:
 - a. Operation characteristics;
 - b. Overhaul frequency or life cycle period;
 - c. Fuel consumption and recoverable exhaust heat (Spec Sheets);
 - d. Equipment and installation costs;
 - e. Maintenance costs.
- 4) Perform the nine different case studies in the model and HOMER.
- 5) Compare the results.

Deliverables:

- User-friendly model based in Microsoft Excel
- Flexibility to adapt to different input data

Costs and Resources

- No established budget
- Will require the following:
 - Customer/Utility Data from the websites of the three utilities: Pepco, CEMIG, and PG&E
 - Distributed Generation technology information
 - HOMER
 - Microsoft Excel
 - Consultations with Howard University professors

Conclusion

- To determine the best distributed generation solution for industrial, commercial, and residential customers, Green Alpha proposes to design a Microsoft Excel model.
- The model will use customer, utility, and DG technology information.
- By **December**, the model will be ready for demonstration and all the analysis will be completed.