# Distributed Control of LED Array for Architectural and Signage Lighting

Charles Kim, Ph.D.

Associate Professor

ckim@howard.edu

202-806-4821

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering
Howard University
Washington, DC

# **LED Lighting Installations**

#### Recent Lighting Installations











Alice Tully Hall at the Avenue of the Arts Lincoln Center for

Performing Arts

City of Long Beach County Hall

First Baptist Church

#### All Architectural Lighting Installations



111 Buckingham Palace Road



27 Knightsbridge



33 Restaurant & Lounge



Amara Beach Resort Aspire Tower Hotel



Bangkok Kitchen



Ben Franklin Bridge



Berkeley Homes Tower at Tabard Square



Boathouse Row



Boston Residence



Boston Symphony Hall



Bristol Harbourside Lightwall



Brooklyn Borough Hall, Con Edison



Brunswick Zone



Caisse Des Depots Et Consignation



Capitol Mall



Casa Grijalva



Casino Niagara

# "the big picture" IEEE Spectrum April 2010

• From 7:00 to 9:30 each evening from 30 January through 18 March, visitors to Xuanwu Lake Park in Nanjing, China, were able to see this and other breathtaking works of art. The ornate structure, which looks like it's composed of painstakingly wrought stained-glass panes, is actually one of 75 exquisitely detailed replicas of Italian landmarks, made up of a total of 560 000 LEDs. They're all part of the Italian International Light Sculpture Art Festival, which was timed to coincide with the Chinese New Year.



## **LED Light Tunnel**

National Gallery of Art in Washington DC, "LED light tunnel"

 "The custom designed software also has an element of chance built into it, so it's unlikely that anyone will see the

same routine twice."



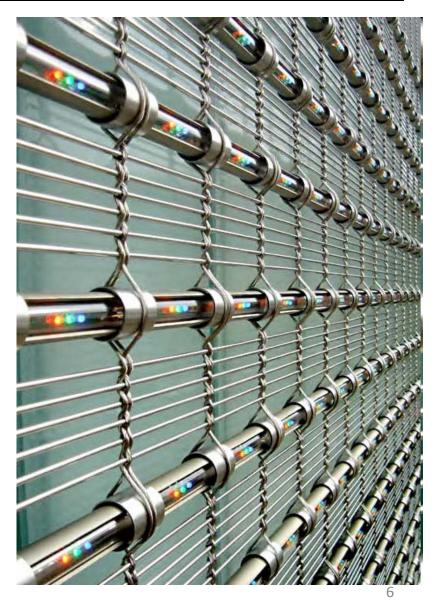
#### GreenPix, China

- GreenPix Zero Energy
   Media Wall
  - uses thousands solar photovoltaic capture cells
  - an array of computercontrolled LEDs.
  - constructed for visitors attending the 2008 Beijing Olympics,
  - located in the Xicui
     entertainment complex,
     near the site of the games.



## The Grand Indonesia Tower (Jakarta, Indonesia.)





#### Media Facades Festival



#### Takarazuka University Of Art And Design, Osaka



## Power Station, Brussels



# Rockefeller Center, NY



# More









# Further more









# 1 more





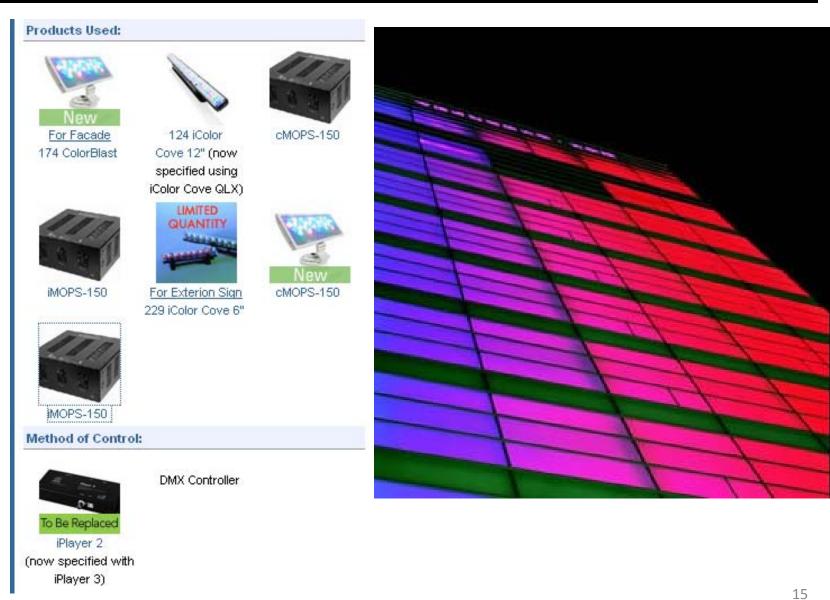
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## Question – control methods and wiring?

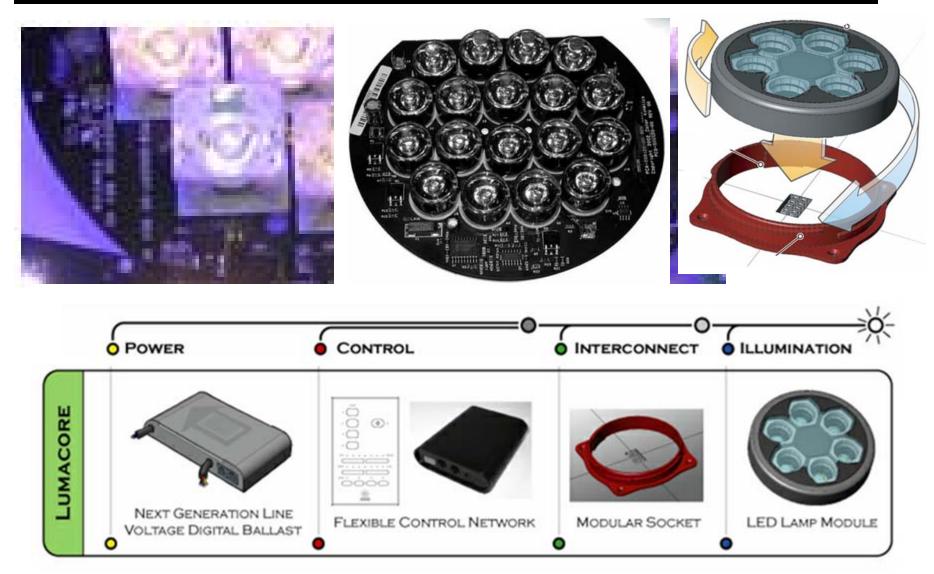
- Architecture and Form
  - Mechanical/Thermal Interface
  - Electrical Interface
  - Communications and Control Interfaces



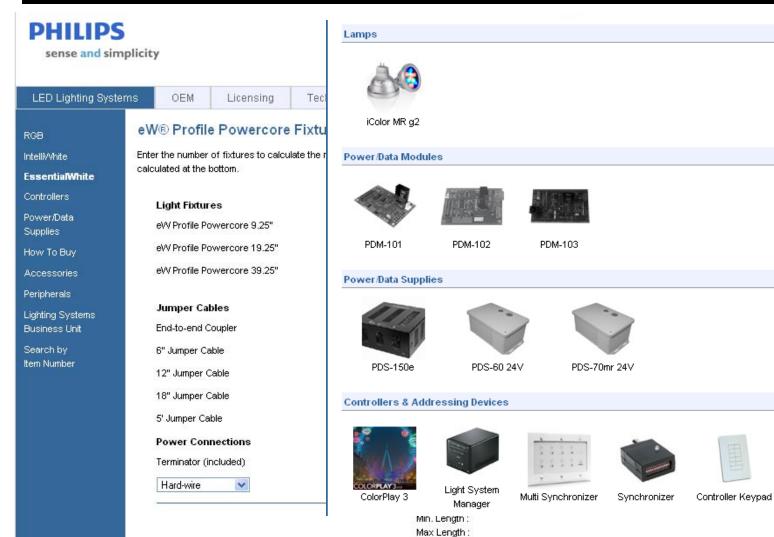
#### Takarazuka University Of Art And Design, Osaka



# LED Lighting System



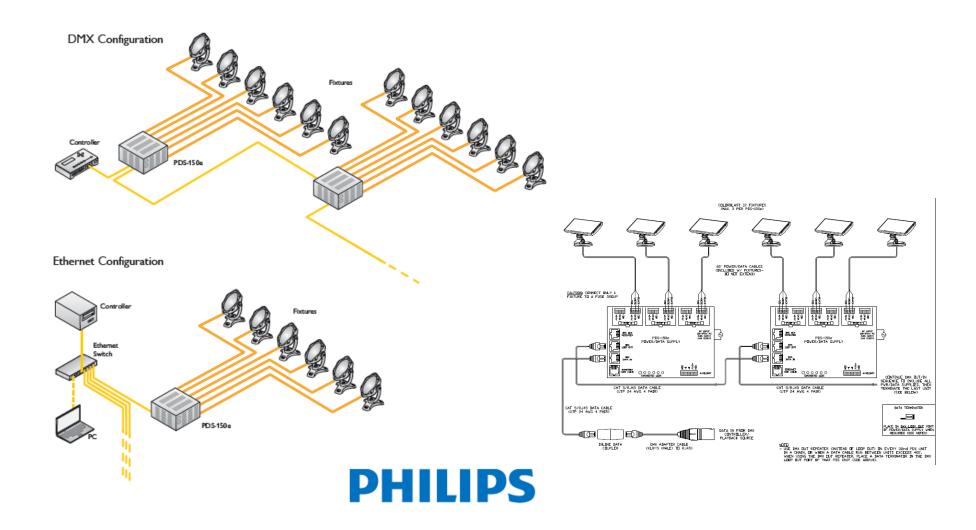
# Components for Lighting Control



Ethernet Controller

Keypad

# Centralized Lighting Control System



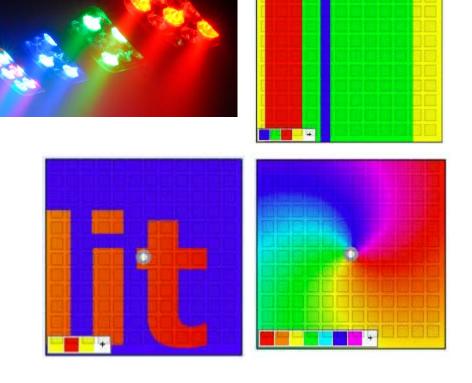
# Centralized Lighting Control

Advantage:

Synchronized/Asynchronized and Complete

Control

- Disadvantage:
  - Controllers
  - Synchronizers
  - Control Wires
  - Installation
- An Alternative Way?
  - Cellular Automata



## Models of Natural Systems

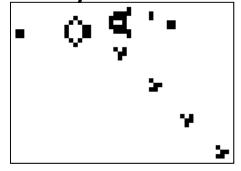
- Mathematical Basis
  - Differential equations:
    - most current
    - Suitable for systems with a small number of continuous degrees of freedom, evolving in a continuous manner

#### – Cellular Automata:

- alternative, complementary basis for mathematical models
- Describes the behaviors of systems with large numbers of discrete degrees of freedom
- "CA are mathematical idealizations of physical systems in which space and time are discrete, and physical quantities take on a finite set of discrete values.

#### Fundamental Characteristics of CA

- They consist of a discrete lattice ("array") of sites ("cells")
- They evolve in discrete time steps
- Each site takes on a finite set of possible values
- The value of each site evolves, simultaneously, according to the same deterministic rules
- The rules for the evolution of a site depend only on a local neighborhood of sites around it.
- Example: John Conway's "Game of Life"



## Origin of CA

- Von Neumann and Ulam
  - Cellular Spaces
  - Purpose of Possible realization of biological systems
  - Modeling of Biological Reproduction
- Many Names
  - Tesselation automata
  - Homogeneous structures
  - Iterative arrays

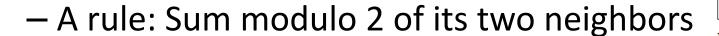
## Applications of CA

- Biological Systems
  - Growth of organisms
  - Populations of non-mobile organisms (plant) with local ecological interaction
- Parallel Computing
  - Highly parallel multiplier
  - Image processing and visual pattern recognition
  - Possibility of computer implementation at a molecule level (?)

## 1-d CA example

- Elementary CA:
  - Site values: 1 or 0 ("base 2")
  - "neighborhood": the site itself and the sites
     immediately adjacent to it on the left and right
  - 1-d 3-ca case

#### Modulo 2 rule case

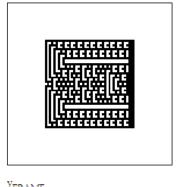


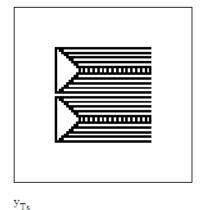


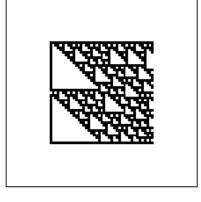
## General rules for 1-d CA example

A rule is described by 8-digit binary numbers

• There are 2<sup>8</sup>=256 possible distinct CA rules







y<sub>FRAME</sub>

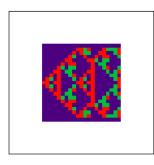
 $y_{Ts}$ 

## 1-d CA with 3 site values (0,1,and 2)

#### A Simple Rule

```
SUM: 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
```

 $x_{t+1}$ : 2 1 0 1 2 1 2 (Example)



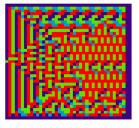
 $y_{T_8}$ 

#### General Rules

222 221 220 212 211 210 202 201 200 122 121 120 112 111 110 102 101 100 022 021 ...

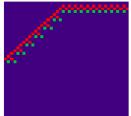
If we ignore the current site's status in the rule formation, it reduces to:  $22\ 21\ 20\ 12\ 11\ 10\ 02\ 01\ 00\ \ (9\ kinds)$ 

Then, there are only  $3^9 = 19683$  possible rules.









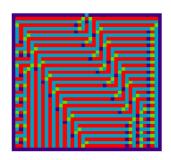
## 1-d CA with 4 site values (0, 1, 2, and 3)

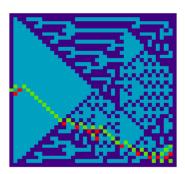
A simple rule by Sum of the neighboring site values.

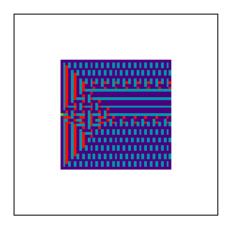
General Rule

 $y_{Ts}$ 

Then, there are only  $4^16$  is close to 4.3 billion possible rules.



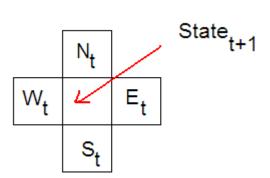




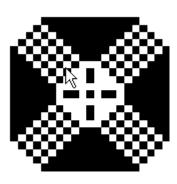
 $y_{Ts}$  27

## 2-d CA with 2 possible values (0,1)

#### Simple rule by Sum:



```
\begin{split} &\text{for} \quad xx \in 0 ... N \\ &\text{for} \quad yy \in 0 ... N \\ & \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} \text{SUM} \leftarrow \text{West}_{xx,\,yy} + \text{East}_{xx,\,yy} + \text{North}_{xx,\,yy} + \text{South}_{xx,\,yy} \\ ZZ_{xx,\,yy} \leftarrow 0 \\ ZZ_{xx,\,yy} \leftarrow 1 \quad \text{if} \quad \text{SUM} = 0 \lor \text{SUM} = 3 \\ x_{t+1} \leftarrow ZZ \\ \end{split} \end{split}
```

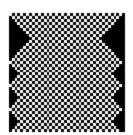


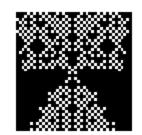




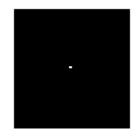
#### General Rules





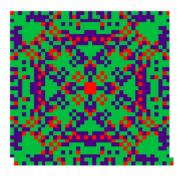


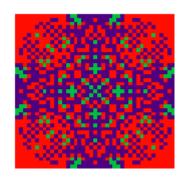




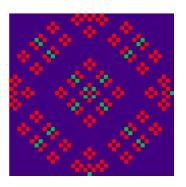
# 2-d CA with 3 values (0,1,2)

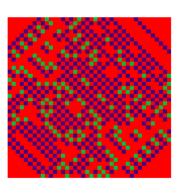
• Rules be the Sum

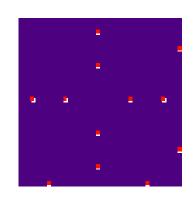


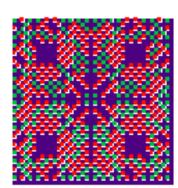


General Rules



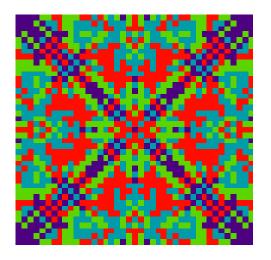


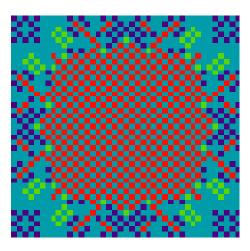




# 2-d CA with 4 values (0,1,2,and 3)

Rules by the Sums





## Reversible CA - 1



Final configuration



Final configuration

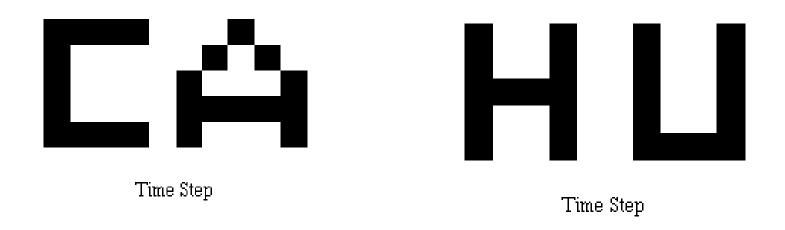


Final configuration



Final configuration

## Reversible CA – 2



## **CA Application in LED Array Control**

#### PC based LED Array Controller

Equipped with Power Line
 Communication or Visible Light
 Communication

#### Hardware (in LED fixture)

- Controller
- Communication
  - Visible Light Communication
  - Power Line Communication
- Sensor
  - Photo Detector
  - Color Sensor
- LED controller
  - Driver
  - Timing Circuit

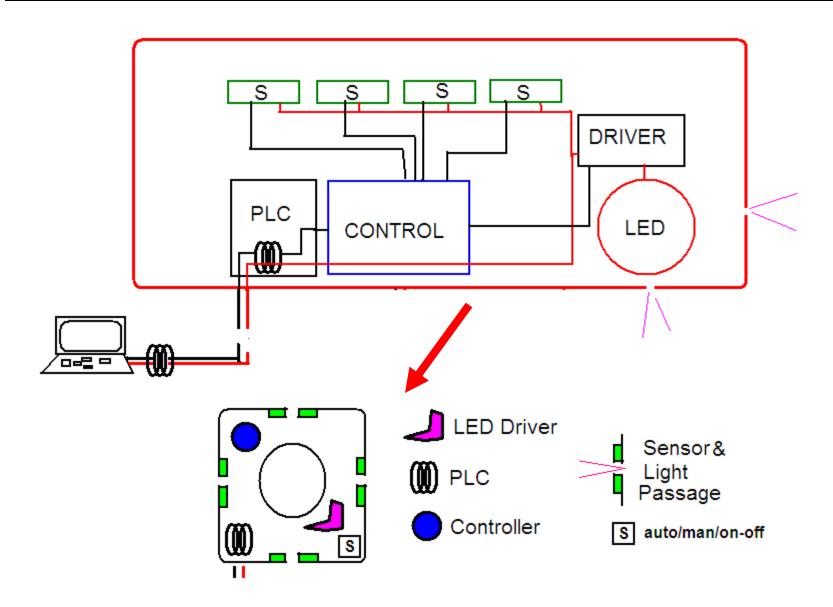
#### Software1 (LED Array Controller)

- Rule Generation and Selection
- •Rule Broadcasting through the Communication

#### Software 2 (for the controller in the LED Fixture)

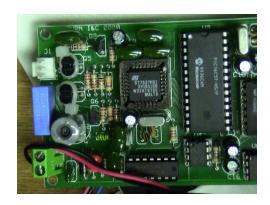
- •Rule Reception
- Neighbor Detection and Rule Execution
- Timing Generation
- Number of Steps

## **LED Array Control Schematics**



## Rule Broadcasting via PLC

#### OLD



#### 

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#### Cypress introduces PLC-enabled PSoC IC with integrated LED drivers

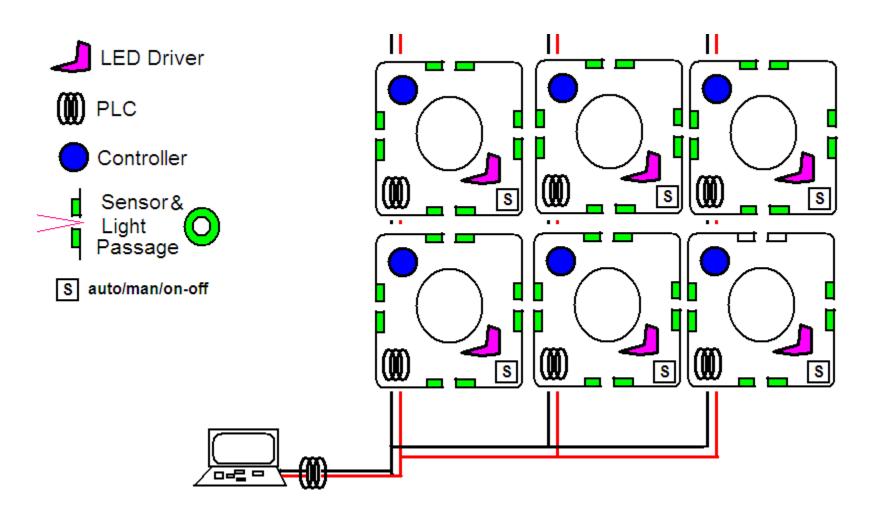
Date Announced: 22 Mar 2010

Cypress Semiconductor Corp. (NASDAQ: CY) today introduced the world's first truly programmable solution for data communication over existing power lines. Leveraging the programmable analog and digital resources of Cypress's PSoC(r) programmable systemon-a-chip architecture, the new Cypress Powerline Communication (PLC) solution integrates multiple functions beyond communication, such as power measurement, system management and LCD drive. In addition to its flexibility and integration, the new solution offers

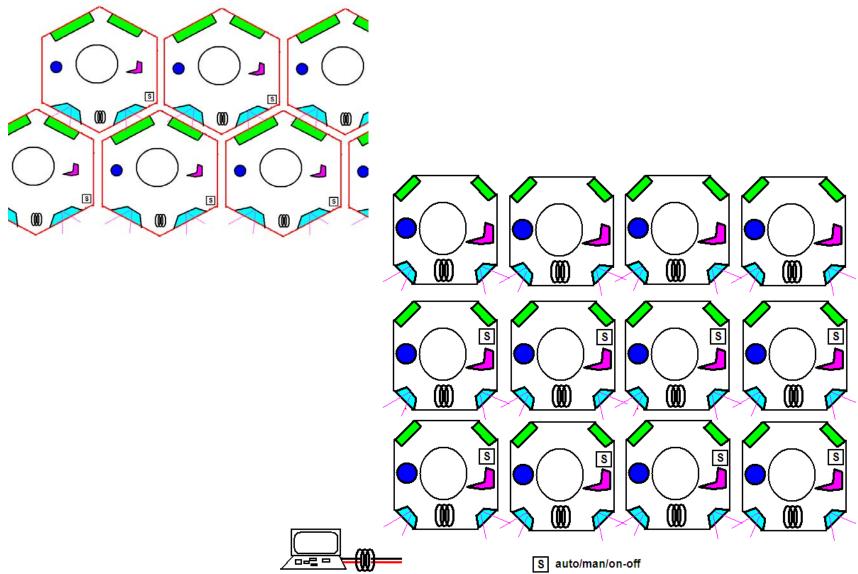


industry-leading reliability with greater than 97% packet success rates without retries and 100% success rates with retries built into the solution's coding. The solution offers the flexibility to communicate over high-voltage and low-voltage power lines for lighting and industrial control, home automation, automatic meter reading and smart energy management applications.

## 2-d CA case



## 1-d CA Case



# CA-based LED Array Control – Advantaged and Weaknesses

#### Advantages

- Plug-and-Play style LED array control
- Less Wiring
- Less Control hardware (overall) and Software

#### Weaknesses

- Only ruled patterns can be generated
- More hardware/software burden in LED fixture

#### Conclusions

- CA's Promises and Problems as an alternative LED array control approach
  - Saving in wire
  - Saving in control devices
- Rich patterns but not tailored patterns
  - Artistic
  - Aesthetic
- Needs a demonstration project