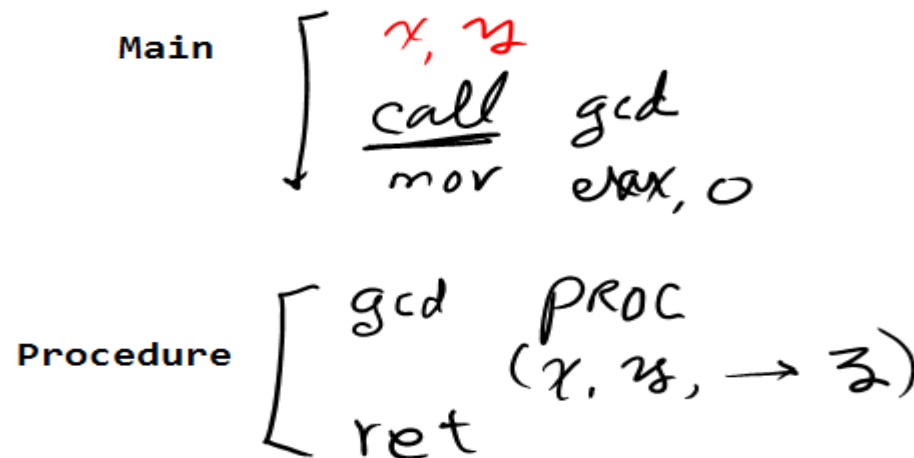


# X86 Assembly Language Programming

## (2) Procedures

# Procedures with Value Parameters

- Main program **call**(s) a procedure
- Main Program transfers the parameter values
- Procedure receives (retrieves) them
- Procedure may do a task or it may return a value
  - value-returning procedure is sometimes called a *function*



# Procedure Calling and Stack

- 3 concepts:
  - How to **transfer** control from a calling [main] program to a procedure and **back**
  - How to **pass parameter values** to a procedure and results **back** from the procedure
  - How to write **procedure code** that is **independent of the calling program.**
- Hardware **stack** is used to accomplish each of the above jobs.

## 80x86 Stack

- Hardware Stack
  - ESP holds the address of the “**first (lowest) byte above (or higher)**” of the **stack pointer**
  - Most access is indirect, through the **stack point register ESP**
    - Operating system initializes ESP to point to **byte above stack pointer**
    - As program executes, it points to **the last item pushed on the stack**
  - “Top” of stack is at the lowest address
  - Stack grows toward lower address

# How Call/Ret Works

- **call**

- The address of the instruction in the EIP register following the call (“the address of the next code line after the call instruction”) is pushed on the stack
- **so ESP has grown by 4, which means ESP address is lowered by 4**
- **Equivalent to** push EIP
- Then, the instruction pointer register EIP is loaded with the address of the first instruction in the procedure → jump to the procedure

# How Call/Ret Works

- **ret**

- The double-word (4 bytes) on the **top of the stack** is popped into the instruction pointer register EIP (so **ESP has increased by 4**)
- **Equivalent to** `pop EIP`
- this is the address of the instruction right after the `call`, that instruction will be executed next [**Return Address**]
- If the stack has been used for other values after the call, these must be removed before the `ret` instruction is executed

# Alternative Ret Format

- `ret n`

- After the returned address is popped to EIP from the stack,  $n$  is added to ESP
- $[ESP] = [ESP + 8]$
- This is most often used to logically remove procedure parameters that have been pushed onto the stack
- Used in **Stdcall** Protocol

- Protocol?

- Transfer of control from calling program to procedure and back
- Passing parameter values to procedure and results back from the procedure

## Push Instruction

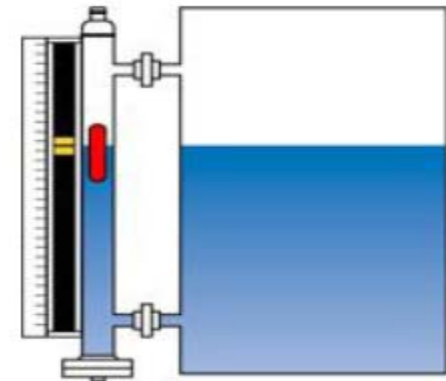
- Usual format: **push source**
  - source can be memory, register or immediate
  - **Double-word** or **word** pushed on the stack
- ESP decremented by size of operand
- Flags not changed
- **By Push, stack point goes lower in address (ESP)**



# Push Instruction

Stack	Instruction	ESP
	Stack size of 16	
	Stack Point = 0010	
	Stack filling starts from 000F (1 below the pointer)	
		0010
	push 01020304	000C
	push 0A0B0C0D	0008
0000		
0001		
0002		
0003		
0004		
0005		
0006		
0007		
0008	0D ←	
0009	0C	
000A	0B	
000B	0A	
000C	04 ←	
000D	03	
000E	02	
000F	01	
0010	←	

**Stack push (filling) starts from 1 lower the ESP, and stays there  
Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 higher**



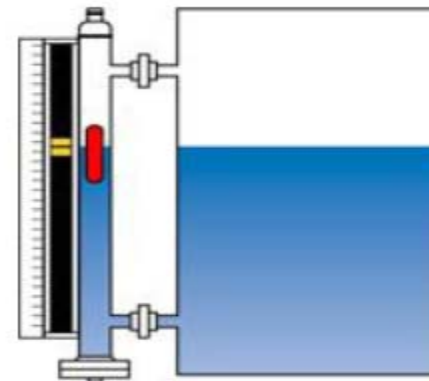
# Push Example

- Pushd --- DWORD size operand

- 240d → F0h → 000000F0  
~~FFFFFFFF~~ +1  
 (FFFFFF10)

Stack push (filling) starts from 1 lower the ESP, and stays there  
 Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 higher

		push EAX	006001FC
		pushd -240	006001F8
006001F0			
006001F1			
006001F2			
006001F3			
006001F4			
006001F5			
006001F6			
006001F7			
006001F8	10		
006001F9	FF		
006001FA	FF		
006001FB	FF		
006001FC	A2		
006001FD	47		
006001FE	B5		
006001FF	83		
00600200			



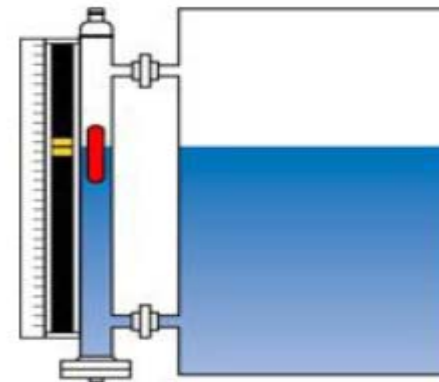
# pop Instruction and Execution

- Usual format: `pop destination`
  - **Double-word** *destination* can be **memory** or **register**
- Operand stored in stack where ESP point is copied to destination
- ESP **incremented by size of operand** after the value is copied

# pop Instruction and Execution

Stack push (filling) starts from 1 lower the ESP, and stays there  
 Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 higher

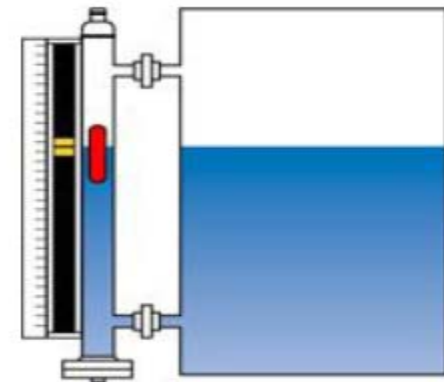
Stack	Data	Istruction	ESP	EAX
			00600200	83B547A2
		push EAX	006001FC	
		pushd -240	006001F8	
		pop EAX	006001FC	FFFFFF10
006001F0				
006001F1				
006001F2				
006001F3				
006001F4				
006001F5				
006001F6				
006001F7				
006001F8	10			
006001F9	FF			
006001FA	FF			
006001FB	FF			
006001FC	A2			
006001FD	47			
006001FE	B5			
006001FF	83			
00600200				



# Pop Example [pop CX]

Stack push (filling) starts from 1 below the ESP, and stays there  
 Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 above

Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	ECX
			00600200	83B547A2
		push ECX	006001FC	
		pushd -240	006001F8	
		pop ECX	006001FC	FFFFFF10
		pop CX	006001FE	FFFF47A2
006001F0				
006001F1				
006001F2				
006001F3				
006001F4				
006001F5				
006001F6				
006001F7				
006001F8	10	←		
006001F9	FF			
006001FA	FF			
006001FB	FF			
006001FC	A2	← ←		
006001FD	47			
006001FE	B5	←		
006001FF	83			
00600200		←		



# Push Exercise/Solution

- Before
  - [ESP]=06 00 10 00
  - [ECX]=01 A2 5B 74
- After **push ECX**
- After **pushd 10**
  - [STACK]= ?

Stack push (filling) starts from 1 lower the ESP, and stays there  
Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 higher

Stack filling starts from 1 below the ESP				
Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	ECX
			06001000	01A25B74
		push ECX	06000FFC	
		pushd 10	06000FF8	
06000FF7				
06000FF8	0A			
06000FF9	00			
06000FFA	00			
06000FFB	00			
06000FFC	74			
06000FFD	5B			
06000FFE	A2			
06000FFF	01			
06001000				

# Push – Practice

- Before:
  - [ESP]=02 00 0B 7C
  - [EBX]=12 34 56 78

Stack push (filling) starts from 1 lower the ESP, and stays there  
Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 higher

- Stack Diagram and [ESP]
  - After `pushd 20`
  - After `push EBX`

Stack filling starts from 1 below the ESP				
Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	EBX
			02000B7C	12345678
		<code>pushd 20</code>		
		<code>push EBX</code>		
02000B73				
02000B74				
02000B75				
02000B76				
02000B77				
02000B78				
02000B79				
02000B7A				
02000B7B				
02000B7C				
02000B7D				

# Push – Practice (SOLUTION)

- Before:
  - [ESP]=02 00 0B 7C
  - [EBX]=12 34 56 78
- Stack Diagram and [ESP]
  - After `pushd 20`
  - After `push EBX`

Stack push (filling) starts from 1 lower the ESP, and stays there  
Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 higher

Stack filling starts from 1 below the ESP					
	Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	EBX
				02000B7C	12345678
			<code>pushd 20</code>	02000B78	
			<code>push EBX</code>	02000B74	
6	02000B73				
7	02000B74	78			
8	02000B75	56			
9	02000B76	34			
0	02000B77	12			
1	02000B78	14			
2	02000B79	00			
3	02000B7A	00			
4	02000B7B	00			
5	02000B7C				
6	02000B7D				



# Push-Pop Practice

- Before:
  - [ESP]=00 10 F8 3A
  - [EAX]=12 34 56 78

Stack push (filling) starts from 1 lower the ESP, and stays there  
Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 higher

- Stack Diagram, [EA]
  - After

- Push EAX
- Pushd 30
- Pop EAX
- Pop EBX

Stack filling starts from 1 below the ESP					
Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	EAX	EBX
			0010F83A	12345678	????????
		push EAX			
		pushd 30			
		pop EAX			
		pop EBX			
0010F82F					
0010F830					
0010F831					
0010F832					
0010F833					
0010F834					
0010F835					
0010F836					
0010F837					
0010F838					
0010F839					
0010F83A					

# Push-Pop Practice SOLUTION

- Before:
  - [ESP]=00 10 F8 3A
  - [EAX]=12 34 56 78

- Stack Diagram, [EAX]=12 34 56 78
  - After

- Push EAX
- Pushd 30
- Pop EAX
- Pop EBX

Stack filling starts from 1 below the ESP					
Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	EAX	EBX
			0010F83A	12345678	????????
		push EAX	0010F836		
		pushd 30	0010F832		
		pop EAX	0010F836	0000001E	
		pop EBX	0010F83A		12345678
0010F82F					
0010F830					
0010F831					
0010F832	1E				
0010F833	00				
0010F834	00				
0010F835	00				
0010F836	78				
0010F837	56				
0010F838	34				
0010F839	12				
0010F83A					

# Practice Example (with original ESP=10001FF0)

EECE416 Microcomputer  
Individual Class Activity for POP and PUSH

Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Original [ESP] = 10001FF0

STACK	Conetnts
10001FDD	
10001FDE	
10001FDF	
10001FE0	
10001FE1	
10001FE2	
10001FE3	
10001FE4	
10001FE5	
10001FE6	
10001FE7	
10001FE8	
10001FE9	
10001FEA	
10001FEB	
10001FEC	
10001FED	
10001FEE	
10001FEF	
10001FF0	
10001FF1	
10001FF2	

Instruction	ESP	EAX	EBX	ECX	EDX
PUSH 11223344h					
PUSH AABCCDDh					
PUSH FFEEFFEEh					
PUSH 01020304h					
POP EAX					
POP EBX					
PUSH 66778899h					
POP ECX					
POP EDX					

# Push/Pop example code: Proc1.asm

```
Proc1.asm x
TITLE Procedure Example      (Proc1.asm)

INCLUDE Irvine32.inc
.stack 4096

.data

.code
main PROC
    mov EAX,0
    mov EBX,0
    mov ECX,0
    mov EAX, 83B547A2h
    push EAX
    pushd -240 ;double word
    pushw 5; WORD Size
    pop EAX
    pop AX
    pop EBX
    exit
main FNDP
```

100 %

Memory 1	
Address:	0x0018FF80
0x0018FF80	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0x0018FF88	00 00 00 00 8a 33 56 76 ....Š3Vv
0x0018FF90	00 e0 fd 7e d4 ff 18 00 .àý~Ïÿ..
0x0018FF98	72 9f 44 77 00 e0 fd 7e rŸDw.àý~
0x0018FFA0	38 f3 32 76 00 00 00 00 8ó2v....
0x0018FFA8	00 00 00 00 00 e0 fd 7e .....àý~
0x0018FFB0	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 .....
0x0018FFB8	00 00 00 00 a0 ff 18 00 .....ÿ..

Registers	
EAX = 76563378	EBX = 7EFDE000
ECX = 00000000	EDX = 00401005
ESI = 00000000	EDI = 00000000
EIP = 00401010	ESP = 0018FF8C
EBP = 0018FF94	EFL = 00000246

- Pushw --- WORD size operand

# Push/Pop example code: Proc1 asm

- push EAX

```

mov ECX,0
mov EAX, 83B547A2h
push EAX
pushd -240 ;double
pushw 5; WORD Size
pop EAX
pop AX
pop EBX
exit
main FNDP
    
```

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1			Stack push (filling) starts from 1 lower the ESP, and stays there			
2			Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 higher			
3	Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	EAX	EBX
4				0018FF8c	83B547A2	????????
5	0018FF80		push EAX	0018FF88		
6	0018FF81		pushd -240	0018FF84		
7	0018FF82		pushw 5	0018FF82		
8	0018FF83		pop EAX	0018FF86	FF100005	
9	0018FF84		pop AX	0018FF88	FF10FFFF	
10	0018FF85		pop EBX	0010FF8C		83B547A2
11	0018FF86					
12	0018FF87					
13	0010FF88	A2				
14	0010FF89	47				
15	0010FF8A	B5				
16	0010FF8B	83				
17	0010FF8C					
18	0010FF8D					

100 %

Memory1

Address: 0x0018FF80

0x0018FF80	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	.....
0x0018FF88	a2 47 b5 83 8a 33 56 76	¢GµfŠ3Vv
0x0018FF90	00 e0 fd 7e d4 ff 18 00	.àý~Ôÿ..
0x0018FF98	72 9f 44 77 00 e0 fd 7e	rŸDw.àý~
0x0018FFA0	38 53 33 7c 00 00 00 00	8f0...

Registers

EAX = 83B547A2 EBX = 00000000  
 ECX = 00000000 EDX = 00401005  
 ESI = 00000000 EDI = 00000000  
 EIP = 00401025 ESP = 0018FF88  
 EBP = 0018FF94 EFL = 00000246

# Push/Pop example code: Proc1.asm

- `pushd -240`

```

push EAX
pushd -240      ;double
pushw 5; WORD Size
pop  EAX
pop  AX
pop  EBX
exit
main FNDP

```

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1						
2						
3	Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	EAX	EBX
4				0018FF8c	83B547A2	????????
5	0018FF80		<code>push EAX</code>	0018FF88		
6	0018FF81		<code>pushd -240</code>	0018FF84		
7	0018FF82		<code>pushw 5</code>	0018FF82		
8	0018FF83		<code>pop EAX</code>	0018FF86	FF100005	
9	0018FF84	10	<code>pop AX</code>	0018FF88	FF10FFFF	
10	0018FF85	FF	<code>pop EBX</code>	0010FF8C		83B547A2
11	0018FF86	FF				
12	0018FF87	FF				
13	0010FF88	A2				
14	0010FF89	47				
15	0010FF8A	B5				
16	0010FF8B	83				
17	0010FF8C					
18	0010FF8D					

Memory 1

Address: 0x0018FF80

0x0018FF80	00 00 00 00 10 ff ff ff	.....ÿÿÿ
0x0018FF88	a2 47 b5 83 8a 33 56 76	¢GµfŠ3Vv
0x0018FF90	00 e0 fd 7e d4 ff 18 00	.àÿ~ôÿ..
0x0018FF98	72 9f 44 77 00 e0 fd 7e	rŸDw.àÿ~
0x0018FFA0	38 f3 32 76 00 00 00 00	8ó2v....

Registers

EAX = 83B547A2	EBX = 00000000
ECX = 00000000	EDX = 00401005
ESI = 00000000	EDI = 00000000
EIP = 0040102A	ESP = 0018FF84
EBP = 0018FF94	EFL = 00000246

# Push/Pop example code: Proc1.asm

- `Pushw` --- WORD size operand

- `pushw 5`

```

push EAX
pushd -240 ;doub]
pushw 5; WORD Size
pop EAX
pop AX
pop EBX
exit
main FNDP
    
```

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1						
2						
3	Stack	Data	Istruction	ESP	EAX	EBX
4				0018FF8c	83B547A2	????????
5	0018FF80		push EAX	0018FF88		
6	0018FF81		pushd -240	0018FF84		
7	0018FF82	05	pushw 5	0018FF82		
8	0018FF83	00	pop EAX			
9	0018FF84	10	pop AX			
10	0018FF85	FF	pop EBX			
11	0018FF86	FF				
12	0018FF87	FF				
13	0018FF88	A2				
14	0018FF89	47				
15	0018FF8A	B5				
16	0018FF8B	83				
17	0018FF8C					
18	0018FF8D					

Memory 1

Address: 0x0018FF80

0x0018FF80	00 00 05 00 10 ff ff ff	.....ÿÿÿ
0x0018FF88	a2 47 b5 83 8a 33 56 76	¢GµfŠ3Vv
0x0018FF90	00 e0 fd 7e d4 ff 18 00	.àÿ~Ôÿ..
0x0018FF98	72 9f 44 77 00 e0 fd 7e	rŸDw.àÿ~
0x0018FFA0	38 f3 32 76 00 00 00 00	8ó2v....

Registers

EAX = 83B547A2	EBX = 00000000
ECX = 00000000	EDX = 00401005
ESI = 00000000	EDI = 00000000
EIP = 0040102D	ESP = 0018FF82
EBP = 0018FF94	EFL = 00000246

# Push/Pop example code: Proc1.asm

- pop EAX

```

push EAX
pushd -240 ;c
pushw 5; WORD Siz
pop EAX
pop AX
pop EBX
exit
main FNDP
    
```

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1						
2						
3	Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	EAX	EBX
4				0018FF8c	83B547A2	????????
5	0018FF80		push EAX	0018FF88		
6	0018FF81		pushd -240	0018FF84		
7	0018FF82	05	pushw 5	0018FF82		
8	0018FF83	00	pop EAX	0018FF86	FF100005	
9	0018FF84	10	pop AX			
10	0018FF85	FF	pop EBX			
11	0018FF86	FF				
12	0018FF87	FF				
13	0018FF88	A2				
14	0018FF89	47				
15	0018FF8A	B5				
16	0018FF8B	83				
17	0018FF8C					
18	0018FF8D					

Memory 1

Address: 0x0018FF80

0x0018FF80	00 00 05 00 10 ff ff ff	.....ÿÿÿ
0x0018FF88	a2 47 b5 83 8a 33 56 76	¢GµfŠ3Vv
0x0018FF90	00 e0 fd 7e d4 ff 18 00	.àý~Ôÿ..
0x0018FF98	72 9f 44 77 00 e0 fd 7e	rŸDw.àý~
0x0018FFA0	38 f3 32 76 00 00 00 00	8ó2v....

Registers

EAX =	FF100005	EBX =	00000000
ECX =	00000000	EDX =	00401005
ESI =	00000000	EDI =	00000000
EIP =	0040102E	ESP =	0018FF86
EBP =	0018FF94	EFL =	00000246



# Push/Pop example code: Proc1 asm

- pop AX

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1						
2						
3	Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	EAX	EBX
4				0018FF8c	83B547A2	????????
5	0018FF80		push EAX	0018FF88		
6	0018FF81		pushd -240	0018FF84		
7	0018FF82	05	pushw 5	0018FF82		
8	0018FF83	00	pop EAX	0018FF86	FF100005	
9	0018FF84	10	pop AX	0018FF88	FF10FFFF	
10	0018FF85	FF	pop EBX			
11	0018FF86	FF				
12	0018FF87	FF				
13	0018FF88	A2				
14	0018FF89	47				
15	0018FF8A	B5				
16	0018FF8B	83				
17	0018FF8C					
18	0018FF8D					

```

push EAX
pushd -240 ;
pushw 5; WORD Si
pop EAX
pop AX
pop EBX
exit
main FNDP
    
```

Memory 1

Address: 0x0018FF80

0x0018FF80	00 00 05 00 10 ff ff ff	.....ÿÿÿ
0x0018FF88	a2 47 b5 83 8a 33 56 76	¢GµfŠ3Vv
0x0018FF90	00 e0 fd 7e d4 ff 18 00	.àÿ~Ôÿ..
0x0018FF98	72 9f 44 77 00 e0 fd 7e	rŸDw.àÿ~
0x0018FFA0	38 f3 32 76 00 00 00 00	8ó2v....

Registers

EAX =	FF10FFFF	EBX =	00000000
ECX =	00000000	EDX =	00401005
ESI =	00000000	EDI =	00000000
EIP =	00401030	ESP =	0018FF88
EBP =	0018FF94	EFL =	00000246

# Push/Pop example code: Proc1.asm

- pop EBX

```

mov EAX, 83B547A2h
push EAX
pushd -240 ;doub
pushw 5; WORD Size
pop EAX
pop AX
pop EBX
exit

```

```
main FNDP
```

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1			Stack push (filling) starts from 1 lower the ESP, and stays there			
2			Stack pops from the ESP and moves 1 higher			
3	Stack	Data	Instruction	ESP	EAX	EBX
4				0018FF8c	83B547A2	????????
5	0018FF80		push EAX	0018FF88		
6	0018FF81		pushd -240	0018FF84		
7	0018FF82	05	pushw 5	0018FF82		
8	0018FF83	00	pop EAX	0018FF86	FF100005	
9	0018FF84	10	pop AX	0018FF88	FF10FFFF	
10	0018FF85	FF	pop EBX	0010FF8C		83B547A2
11	0018FF86	FF				
12	0018FF87	FF				
13	0018FF88	A2				
14	0018FF89	47				
15	0018FF8A	B5				
16	0018FF8B	83				
17	0018FF8C					
18	0018FF8D					

memory1

Address: 0x0018FF80

```

0018FF80  00 00 05 00 10 ff ff ff  ....ÿÿÿ
0018FF88  a2 47 b5 83 8a 33 56 76  φGμfŠ3Vv
0018FF90  00 e0 fd 7e d4 ff 18 00  .àý~Ôÿ..
0018FF98  72 9f 44 77 00 e0 fd 7e  rŸDw.àý~

```

Registers

```

EAX = FF10FFFF EBX = 83B547A2
ECX = 00000000 EDX = 00401005
ESI = 00000000 EDI = 00000000
EIP = 00401031 ESP = 0018FF8C
EBP = 0018FF94 EFL = 00000246

```